

THE BONAPARTES

The Irishman took his turn and a structural, conclusive, against the potato famine, he painted a picture of a man who was a soldier. "I never believed that there the potato famine," he cried, "cheated the Irish, made into the belief that it was a corn field, and then the people were made to eat it." "I never believed that there the potato famine," he cried, "cheated the Irish, made into the belief that it was a corn field, and then the people were made to eat it." "I never believed that there the potato famine," he cried, "cheated the Irish, made into the belief that it was a corn field, and then the people were made to eat it."

A FRIENDLY CRITIC.

"OUR STORY-TELLER."

TOLD BY AN OCTOBER 1968

Happily for me, the next mail brought information that my father had sent papers of manumission for me, that I was no longer a slave. I was educated, and must now earn my own living. I thought this with an exultation impossible to describe. Only one who has been the property of another can know this genuine freedom, so exquisite and so new. It was then that Mrs. Hyde offered me a place as teacher in the seminary, and so

I should be uncandid," said Mr. Rodella, "if I did not frankly tell you that North Germany, and Switzerland and you in the thoroughness and masculinity of their systems, and this I believe is entirely owing to the fact that those countries the parent has not sought to deprive the child of the extended training which the state has provided. When the parent fails in his duty the state stands in *loco parentis*; this is what you chiefly need to pour your educational system."

Ships and Steamboats Fitted up.

The LOUISIANIAN is published every Saturday and Sunday at 114, Carondelet street.

Wm. G. Brown, Editor.

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NOTICE.

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PRINTING executed with neatness and dispatch.

NOTICE.

All communications must be addressed to the Editor of the LOUISIANIAN, and anonymous communications are accompanied by the name of the writer, not necessarily for publication, but as an evidence of good faith.

We are not responsible for the opinions of our contributors.

PROSPECTUS OF
The LOUISIANIAN.

In endeavoring to establish another Republican newspaper in New Orleans, the proprietors of the LOUISIANIAN, propose to fill a necessity which has long been felt, and to contribute to the enlightenment of our people, in their struggling efforts to attain that position in the Body Politic, which we conceive to be their due. It is regarded that much encouragement, guidance, encouragement, counsel and support have been lost, in consequence of the lack of a medium, through which these desiderata might be supplied. We shall strive to make the LOUISIANIAN a desideratum in these respects.

POLICY.

As our motto indicates, the LOUISIANIAN shall be "Republican in all times and under all circumstances." We shall advocate the security and enjoyment of broad civil liberty, the absolute equality of all men before the law, and an impartial distribution of honor and patronage to all who merit them.

Discouraging animosities, of obliterating the memory of the bitter past, of promoting harmony and union among all classes and between all interests, we shall advocate the removal of all political disabilities; foster industry and commerce, we shall malignity and resentment, and seek for fairness and justice where wrong and oppression prevailed. Thus united in our aims and objects, we shall conduct our best interests, elevate our noble State to an enviable position among her sister States, by the development of her abundant resources, and secure the full benefits of the progress of the country.

Pragmatically, there can be no true liberty without the supremacy of law, we shall urge a prompt and unflinching administration of justice.

TAXATION.

We shall support the doctrine of an equitable distribution of taxation among all classes, a faithful collection of the revenues, economy in the expenditure, and a judicious use of the funds of the State, and the discharge of every legitimate obligation.

EDUCATION.

We shall maintain the carrying out of the provisions of the act establishing our common school system, and urge as a paramount duty the education of our youth, as vitally connected with the enlightenment, and the security of the State, as the foundation of a free government.

MILITARY.

We shall, independently, and judiciously, support the efforts to recruit our army, and to establish a permanent and efficient militia, and to secure the safety of the State at all events.

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FURNITURE.

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KINCKADEE & ANTOINE, COMMISSIONERS, 124 Carondelet St., NEW ORLEANS.

Edward Anderson made on Commission. Prompt attention given to all sales and purchases, of every description, etc., etc.

Development covered by Insurance as soon as possible, and other services furnished on the 22nd of July.

LEWIS G. Wheeler.

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OUR SALUTATORY.

"Farewell the tranquil mind."

In assuming the editorial chair of the LOUISIANIAN, in seeking association with knights of the quill in the Metropolis of this State, we are fully, and profoundly conscious of the manifold difficulties, and perplexities which will obviously environ our path. We know that we shall find, we do not repose on a bed of roses.

We know that—reasonably, or unreasonably—as the conductor of a newspaper, we will be expected to exhibit the possession of a combination of qualities, which no other character, is asked to show. Without the hundred eyes of Argus, we shall be required to see everything. Divested of the wisdom of A-pollo, we shall yet be demanded to know everything. Not having the belligerence of Mars, we shall be required to engage in every encounter.

We are not therefore insensible of the obligations and responsibilities which attach to and surround our position.

We shall not attempt to perform impossibilities, but we propose to bring to the discharge of our duties all the industry, energy, and perseverance which we can summon to our aid. And if there can be any atonement for the absence of extraordinary attributes, we propose by singleness and sincerity of purpose, earnestness of action, vigilance, and consistency of conduct, to make that atonement.

We shall at all times endeavor to secure that position among metropolitan journals, that our appearance will be looked for, and the "LOUISIANIAN" sought after.

We have briefly and succinctly enunciated our principles in our Prospectus and they need no repetition here.

We shall disseminate all the useful information we may obtain, we shall inculcate—and aid in the acquirement of that "self-knowledge without which we do not know where we stand, and are as supernumeraries, or instinctive followers, rather than, conscious, working members of the human race, in our day and generation.

We propose then fully and freely to express our opinions on the various important topics which shall from time to time present themselves, and in our discussions of public measures, and the conduct of public men, we will endeavor as far as possible to direct our minds, of "fear, favor, or affection."

And now, "accepting the situation" with all its toils, immunities and responsibilities, we trust to rise to the level of the encounter, we will endure hardships, and brave dangers, heroically struggling for the elevation of our people, the diffusion of useful knowledge, and the advancement of what we believe to be the best interests of the State.

To cotemporaries, we have a word to say we shall accord all the "courtesies of the calling," and we modestly solicit reciprocity. It will doubtless "come to pass" that we shall differ with our seniors on some points, it is not impossible that there may be a "keen encounter of our wits," but we shall not degrade our columns with vulgarisms, or dispense the curses of Billingsgate. To the general reader we commend our journal, and to the Public at large, we here make our respectful appeal.

We must appeal to the indulgence of our supporters for the lack of that variety which a system of exchanges will soon enable us to secure. We have endeavored to make our first appearance as presentable as we could; we shall shortly surround our dear with such "aids," as to enable us to dispense with humiliating excuses for the lack of indispensable.

Don. Wm. H. Coolay, Judge of the Sixth District Court, disdaining to be merely-muzzled, is out in a card in city papers, denouncing a statement made by the Republican of the 16th, as "a deliberate, wilful and malicious lie."

We have the pleasure of acknowledging the receipt of complimentary tickets to a Grand Christmas Festival, to be given by the Ladies of the Lutheran Baptist Church, at the Lutheran Hall, Gravier street, between Howard and Forest streets, on Saturday, December 24th 1870.

Mr. Captain A. B. Hedges, superintendent of Police, has returned from his brief visit to several of the Police Departments of the North, and we may soon expect to hear of such suggestions of improvements in the department of Police in this City, as the Orleans may deem advisable.

CAROL PURPORE.—Lieut. Governor O. J. Dunn left the city on Thursday last for Washington City. It is currently believed that his visit is in connection with the contemplated removal of three prominent Republican office holders through the influence of Governor H. C. Warmoth. It will be remembered that during the recent elections here, Messrs. S. B. Peakard, B. F. Joubert and C. W. Lowell, were opposed to the abrogation of the article in our State Constitution, making the Governor ineligible for re-election. They are said to have become objects of dislike to His Excellency, and were likely to have all fallen victims to his wrath. One only—Mr. Lowell—has suffered decapitation, and rumor has it that nothing further would or could be done till Lieutenant-Governor Dunn, went to Washington, and he has gone. We shall see what we shall see. "Let us have peace."

Bishop Shorter of the African Methodist Episcopal Church has been in this City for the past few days. The Bishop is on his way to Texas to preside at the annual conference of the ministers of his church, at the close of which he proposes to return to Louisiana to hold the annual conference in this State, which will assemble in Plaquemine on the 29th of December.

The Bishop is accompanied by the young, but accomplished Editor of the Christian Recorder, Rev. B. T. Tanner, of Philadelphia, who is engaged in furthering the interests of the Book Concern, and of the Recorder. We had the gratification of listening last Sunday evening to an able, and eminently practical sermon from Mr. Tanner, at Turner's Hall. We are also informed that he will be visited shortly by the Rev. E. J. Young, who is engaged in raising funds for the endowment of a chair in Wilberforce University.

That portion of Philadelphia known as "the gut"—the intersection of Twenty third and Chestnut streets—observed Thanksgiving Day by mobbing two colored regiments, the 117th and 128th, which were on parade. The rabble which made the assault were, in turn, dislodged from their lurking place by a bayonet charge, whereupon the police arrested several of the soldiers. Col. Wagner, commanding officer of the brigade, publishes a card in reference to the matter in which he says:

"I have been found fault with for issuing my command through this locality, in reply I would only say that we obeyed the orders of Major-General Prentiss, commanding First National Guard, and in our route of parade, and the Provisional Brigade will not be deterred as I have the honor to command it, by any point of difficulty, it will go through any portion of our city, where duty requires it to do so, and that 20,000 men with muskets in their hands and bayonets in their scabbards, do not need the protection of the police. We are able to protect ourselves and do so."

Had Gen. W. G. Mudgett been appointed in command of a Brigade of Louisiana Militia, we think that in an emergency, he would exhibit the qualities of a warrior. Ed. Low.

A voter—who is not a politician—found himself in the vicinity of the Mechanics Institute, a few days ago, and seeing several persons whom he knew, he finally got into conversation with a "wire puller," and while he was conversing with the "W.P." he heard him ask several new members of the House of Representatives who were the favorite candidates for Speaker, several parties were named, Birch, Bart, Elihu, Quinn, Barrett and Brewster, and the "wire puller" was supported each and every one of the candidates, saying to the members, "if your man is elected, I want a clerkship on a committee."

Finally our voter asked, "when the W.P. pulled him by the nose, and whispered as follows: 'I am supporting Mr. Carr, but the best House of Representatives are not very strong in my man, and may unite on some 'other fellow.' so I want to be on the safe side with whoever wins."

The latest and most reliable news from the seat of war in Europe, does not indicate a speedy termination of the Franco-Prussian conflict; but, on the contrary, seems to forebode a more protracted and lengthening of the conflict, and a more diversified interest, than has been

The weather yesterday was anything but pleasant. In addition to the demand for overcoats, umbrellas were in general requisition to shelter the pedestrian from the wrath of "Phrynia."

A candidate for the U. S. Senate is claimed to be entitled to the support of the Irish people because his name is Michael, and of the German Republicans because his name is Hahn, but then we know that who the people want to Pinch (and) back-up there.

Mr. J. A. Pennington—Col. C. W. Squires, and his regiment of artillery (L. S. A.) were out on Friday evening making the solitary appearance. The regiment was the recipient of a handsome letter, such as was presented some time to the 2nd and 3rd Regiment (L. S. M.) Colonel Lewis and Ingraham commanding.

We hope that the members of the artillery regiment will accept the advice of Gen. Longstreet, and should occasion arise regarding their services, that the Regt. will be found on the side of "good order."

A new comer in our city, would be a belle, that our young men were all the victims of millionaires, from the manner to which they are wont to be lounging about our streets and in drinking saloons. A few days ago a man—who has graduated in the cess of iniquity, with which this city abounds—was brought before one of our magistrates, and was told by the Judge, "under the reformation, that he would be sent to the Workhouse. Fi—young man, shame and degradation lies in every avenue you tread, when you aim not at moral, physical and intellectual elevation, from literary societies, and other organizations for your improvement, look for information and not degradation."

(Communicated.)
THE LATE ELECTIONS.
Mr. Editor.—Upon an impartial and thorough investigation of the conduct and character of the late elections in this State, some peculiar and startling developments will be made, which must prove injurious to the future interests of the Republican party of this State, and to the parties concerned in these peculiar transactions. Injuries to the party, because it must be conceded, that it must be judged by its principles only, but by its faithful adherence to the same; and a still more faithful performance of avowed promises, by which it has, once again, succeeded in gaining a political victory.

The Republican Party, of this, or any other State, to be successful, must certainly guard jealously, and vouchsafe to all its adherents, the full measure of its avowed principles; and to make it respected, and influential, strike from it, all and every disreputable character that would, by a source of conduct for their own personal aggrandizement, bring the party into disrepute, and possible defeat.

Should it refuse to do this, it will eventually alienate from its ranks, the faithful of the followers, and sharpen, effectively, the weapons of its political opponents.

Consequently, if there are any, holding high positions, gained by acts of fraud, and speculation; a fitting rebuke must be administered to them by the party under which they claim to hold these positions, in order that the public may see, and be convinced, that the true interests of the Republican Party, are not to ruin, or rule by fraud, and imposition.

Judging by what has actually occurred in the late election, it has been demonstrated to a certainty, that nominating conventions, generally considered the legitimate means for the expression of a choice, by the people, for candidates to fill specified positions, has, by the course of some of the successful candidates in this State, been transferred from that place, to the more convenient one—the printing office; and that instead of its being necessary to procure a nomination at the hands of a convention, or even declaring themselves independent candidates, it is only necessary to print a spurious ticket, and by this means, and a good (1) counter, all of the labor, incidental to an arduous, and expensive campaign is effectually done away with, and is considered by these worthy, more efficacious than the old time—honored way of our grand fathers.

New York is cursed with her gangs of repeaters, and ballot box stuffers; Pennsylvania with her barrowers, and other States in different ways, but Louisiana is cursed with a set of politicians of a more dangerous character than any of these, and they are those, who falling to secure the approval, and indorsement of the people, (who having tried them once, and found them wanting, refuse to try them again,) resort to any methods, however disreputable to fasten themselves on the people, whether, or no; and this class of politicians are the ones, who depend more on the printing office, than on a nominating convention or even an impartial vote at the ballot-box.

This class of politicians would be unsuccessful, in the main, anywhere else, but in the South, and here they are found, and successful for a time, for the following reasons: it is a fact well known, that a large number of voters are, for reasons very well known, and need not be repeated here, unable to read for themselves, and if our democratic friends would undertake to make capital out of this admission, we must say to them, that they made it a great crime for any person who would undertake to teach them to read, and they are therefore to blame, and not the voters; consequently our printing office candidates find them easy victims to their peculiar operations; they need no acquaintances beyond the controllers of the ballot-boxes, no residence in the parishes they are returned from as so, the printing office, and the pernicious influence of the voters, against all of these agencies for an

(Communicated.)
THE REGISTRATION AND THE ELECTION LAWS.
The elections of '68 showed conclusively, that if the Republican party of this State expected to be successful, in its next attempt to obtain a political supremacy, something urgent, and necessary must be done, in order that a fair and impartial verdict of the people might be safely, and truly arrived at.

they received their appointment) and returned themselves elected to the General Assembly, in the place of those who received the regular nomination, and supposed themselves elected to all the positions claimed, finally, by these Ex-Superintendents of Registration.

In some instances, where the Superintendents have been unusually greedy, not only themselves, but some of their clerks have been provided with seats in the legislature, and in other instances, when both supervisor, and clerks have failed to prove equal to the demand for some one to fill all the responsible positions, this generous dispensation of legislative seats has assisted his friends, (and in some cases, their names are legion) to the remainder of the fat office, no longer in the gift of the people, but in the gift of the unscrupulous supervisor of Registration; whilst those, who have been so unfortunate as to have been born in their respective parishes, lived there all the days of their lives, and who have placed implicit confidence in these supervisors, and with a fond belief that as they or their friends (the unfortunates) had received the regular nominations, and were the real choice of the people, dreamed only of success, but they are rudely awakened from their blissful visions to find that all is too true, their dreams have gone contrary.

But still our generous supervisor is not to be outdone in his distribution of positions, so he parcels out the coroners, constables, and justices of the peace to the very man entitled justly to the positions claimed by him, his clerks, and his friends.

True, they thought they and their friends were voting for their choice, and they were foolish enough to think that they were elected, but they are finding out that it wasn't a voting, but in something more potent, and so they eventually find out that they have elected some one they never knew, or never heard of before.

There are one or two very nice points to be considered in these premises, and set should, and must occupy the serious attention of our law makers; if there has been mistakes made, or too great powers delegated to parties who use them for their own advantage, something must be done to correct these mistakes, and curtail the advantages that are being used against an unsuspecting class of voters, to the great benefit of another class.

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election, and are taken advantage of by the unscrupulous impostors, and dangerous, and as they are, they want to be acknowledged as the real choice of the people.

A politician who uses his money to secure election, or one who runs independent, and who sometimes his lot can be better, and with some degree of for business, we believe we can tolerate a repeater, but a politician, never, and we cannot tolerate that the best way to break up this election, will be to thoroughly expose, and all guilty of these acts; and in our efforts to do, we believe that we will be assisted, and let the sympathies, and will wish to see, white, or black, and of either party, and who honestly believe that the interest of the State can be better subserved, by electing a man, honestly, and truly elected. If a bad man is elected to a responsible position, it is to be deplored, but a bad man is elected through the means described above it is high time that the people, from an indication of such a character, should rise in the night, and majority of the principles, and elect them from their illegitimate positions.

The incoming legislature will be called upon, undoubtedly to pass upon the election of some of its members, and if any can be found who have been guilty of stealing elections, they are as guilty as was William White, the public enemy, and like him should be removed from their places.

STRAIGHT UNIVERSITY.—The Fall Session of this institution will take place on Monday and Tuesday, the 19th and 20th. We speak too highly of the work which this institution is doing for the colored people of Louisiana. The nearly five hundred pupils who have been in attendance the past term, is a guarantee of its popularity. We trust our citizens will be present at the examinations and judge for themselves, whether good work has been done or not.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.—Public religious services will be held at Straight University, morning and evening, each Sabbath. We are glad to see at the services held here, a congregation of white and colored. "Equally before God" is the principle practically illustrated in both Faith and Power. Strangers are always welcome.

NOW AND THEN.
BY MAGGIE LAMCKE.

"Who steals my purse steal trash"—so says an illustrious poet; but we think with all due deference to that revered writer's sagacity, that much depends upon its length, breadth, and fullness. There was a time—a dark, unfelicitous age—when men were strangely blind to the wondrous power of gold—lamentably ignorant of the mighty way that lurked beneath its glittering tranquility. But that period exists only upon the records of the past; and we of the nineteenth century stand boldly forth, and proclaim our allegiance to this potent sovereign—casting back our glance of compassion upon those benighted gropers, so deplorably deficient in the mysteries of point lace and jewels, satin damask and rosewood, brown stone and wrought-iron who dreamed not of the luxury of fast horses, costly wines, and enrapturing clubs. But us, from whose eyes have fallen these ponderous scales, thank Heaven for our rescue from such ignominious darkness, and revel in our golden glories. Gold! why, its attributes are god-like! It steals from the furrowed brow of age the unsightly tracks of Time, stills his quivering, palsied limbs, and makes the man of three-score years and ten fit companion for his waiting bride, at scarce a score of years. It fills up the unfurnished apartments of the intellectual domain, takes in the obtrusive sign "to let," and lo! by its talismanic powers, the air of imbecility assumes a refreshing airlessness instead. It transforms the coarse, unpolished boyhood of lager-beer belladonna into the captivating child of Nature. It converts slothful eyes into sparkling grimaldin orbs, smooths its raby portals; tallows aims into dazzling alabaster, and plants roses where Nature destined the soil as unfit. It stalks through our courts of justice, with its firm, bold tread, and starts even the quaking felon into a conviction of his injured innocence. It strides through our halls of legislation, and dispatches those momentous deliberations with magical speed. It blends with the wealth of God, and builds for Him temples of marvelous grandeur, where His holy presence is not desecrated by the lowly, suffering child of Want; but its devotees bow in silk and satin, fine linen and fine cloth, and breathe their soft responses from daintily-clad, velvet robes. It helps the pious exertion in his distribution of taints and sinners' souls. It glides into the pulpit, and softens the tones of scriptural denunciations; for only to the finishing wretch do the inspired writings lift their warning voice, and whisper of the soul's peril, and the soul's sinfulness.

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